## B.Sc. (Part - I) New CBCS Pattern Semester-II USCCHT04 - Chemistry Paper-II (Physical Chemistry)

P. Pages: 2

Time : Three Hours

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GUG/W/23/11575

Max. Marks : 50

1.	a)	At what value of 'x' the function $x^3 - 12x + 3$ will have a maximum of minimum value.	5
	b)	Define hydrolysis constant? Describe the relationship between hydrolysis constant and dissociation constant of a salt of weak acid and weak base.	5
	c)	Find the equation of line passing through the point $(3, 2)$ & $(-4, -5)$ .	21/2
	d)	Solve using logarithm $(125 \times 70.1)^{1/2}$ .	21/2
	e)	What are the different factor affecting the degree of dissociation?	21/2
	f)	What is buffer solution? Explain the mechanism of buffer action?	21/2
2.	a)	Define Joule Thomson effect? Explain Joule Thomson porous plug experiment to show expansion of ideal gas is enthalpic process.	5
	b)	State and explain Hess's law constant heat of summation. Calculate heat of formation of methane from following data:	5
		i) $C_{(\text{graphite})} + O_{2(g)} \longrightarrow CO_{2(g)}; \Delta H_a = -393.5 \text{ kJ}$	
		ii) $2H_2(g) + O_2(g) \longrightarrow 2H_2O(\ell); \Delta H_b = -571.8 \text{kJ}$	
		iii) $CH_{4(g)} + 2O_{2(g)} \longrightarrow CO_{2(g)} 2H_2O_{(g)}; \Delta H_c = -890.3 \text{kJ}$ OR	
	c)	Explain intensive and extensive property with suitable example.	21/2
	d)	Define molar heat capacity and derive the relation between $c_p$ and $c_v$ .	21/2
	e)	Calculate the value of W,Q, $\Delta E \& \Delta H$ for expansion of ideal gas under isothermal reversible process.	21/2
	f)	Derive Kirchoff's equation.	21/2
3.	a)	Derive Kinetic gas equation for one mole of an ideal gas.	5
	b)	Derive Van Der Waal's equation of state. <b>OR</b>	5
	c)	Calculate root mean square velocity of hydrogen molecules at 27° C ( $R = 8.314 \text{ Jk}^{-1} \text{mol}$ ).	21/2
	d)	State and explain Maxwell's Distribution law of molecular velocities.	<b>2<sup>1</sup>/</b> <sub>2</sub>

	e)	What are the causes of deviation from ideal behaviour?	21/2
	f)	State and explain law of corresponding state.	21/2
4.	a)	Define surface tension. How to determine the surface tension of liquid using stalagmometer.	5
	b)	Explain powder method of crystallography? What is its advantage over the other method. <b>OR</b>	5
	c)	Write a short notes on Weiss indices and miller indices.	21/2
	d)	Describe the crystal structure of CsCl.	21/2
	e)	Explain: i) Relative Viscosity ii) Specific viscosity iii) Intrinsic viscosity	<b>2</b> <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
	f)	Derive Bragg's equation.	21/2
5.		Attempt any ten.	
		a) Evaluate 9 <sub>C5</sub>	1
		b) Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{(a-x)^2}$	1
		c) Define common ion effect.	1
		<ul><li>d) Define:</li><li>i) Adiabatic process</li><li>ii) Isobaric process</li></ul>	1
		e) State any two statement of 1 <sup>st</sup> Law of thermodynamic.	1
		f) Define standard state.	1
		g) Define most probable velocity.	1
		h) Write any two postulate of kinetic theory of gas.	1
		<ul><li>i) Define:</li><li>i) Critical temperature. ii) Boyle's temperature.</li></ul>	1
		j) Define Parachor.	1
		k) Draw the structure of KCl.	1
		1) Define Space Lattice	1
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