B.Sc.- III (CBCS Pattern) Sem-V USMT12 - Mathematics Paper-IV - DSE-IV : Special Relativity-I

P. Pages : 2 Time : Three Hours				$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}$		2 /13118 urks : 60	
	Note	es :	1. 2. 3.	Solve all five questions. Question 1 to 4 has an alternative solve each question in full or in in full. All questions carry equal marks.	ts alternative		
				UNIT – I			
1.	a)	Sh	ow th	at the Maxwell's equations do not remain invariant under Galilea	n transformation.	6	
	b)	De anj	efine a y forc	in inertial system. Prove that in an inertial frame, a particle not un e particle moves in a straight line with constant speed.	der influence of	6	
				OR			
	c)	Ex	plain	Fitzgerald & Lorentz Contraction Hypothesis.		6	
	d)	Oł	otain (Galilean transformation in equations.		6	
				UNIT – II			
2.	a)	Sh	ow th	at the Lorentz Transformation form a group.		6	
	b)	Sh	ow th	at simultaneity is relative in special theory of relatively.		6	
				OR			
	c)	Ex	plain	Length Contraction in special relatively.		6	
	d)	Pro	ove th	hat $\nabla^2 - \frac{1}{C^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2}$ is invariant under Lorentz transformation.		6	
				UNIT – III			

- **3.** a) Obtain transformation equations for components of acceleration of a particle.
 - b) An observer moving along the x-axis of S with velocity V observes a body of proper volume V_o moving with velocity u along the x-axis of S. Show that the observe measures the volume to be equal to $V_0 \sqrt{\frac{(c^2 v^2)(c^2 u^2)}{(c^2 uv)^2}}$

OR

c) Obtain transformation of Lorentz contraction factor $\left(1-\frac{u^2}{c^2}\right)^{1/2}$. 6

6

relative to any inertial system.

4. a) Prove that there exists an inertial frame S' in which two events occurs at one and the same 6 time. It interval between two events is space like.

Show that in nature no signal can more with velocity greater than the velocity of light

6

6

b) Deduce distance formula in four dimensional geometry of space time.

OR

c) Show that
$$x^1 = -x_1, x^2 = -x_2, x^3 = -x_3, x^4 = x_4$$
 and then $x_i = (-\overline{r}, ct)$. 6

d) Define a four tensor of second order in Minkowskian geometry and obtain $T'^{14} = \alpha^2 \left[-\frac{v}{c} T^{11} + T^{14} + \frac{v^2}{c^2} T^{41} - \frac{v}{c} T^{44} \right]$ 6

5. Attempt **any six**.

d)

i)	Define space & time in classical mechanics.	2
ii)	Write Newton 1 st law of motion.	2
iii)	Write the Lorentz Transformation equations.	2
iv)	Show that the three dimensional volume element dxdydz is not Lorentz invariant.	2
v)	Write relativistic addition law for velocities.	2
vi)	Write the transformations equations for component of particle velocity.	2
vii)	Define four tensor.	2
viii)	Define proper time for the body.	2
