## B.Sc.-II (CBCS Pattern) Semester - III USBCT-C05 - Biochemistry Paper-I : Macromolecules

P. Pa Tim	ages : 2 e : Three H	Hours $* 1 7 2 7 *$	<b>GUG/S/23/11596</b> Max. Marks : 50			
	Notes :	<ol> <li>All questions are compulsory &amp; carry equal mark.</li> <li>Draw diagram wherever necessary.</li> </ol>				
1.	Giv	ive a detailed account of classification of amino acid.	10			
		OR				
	Wı	rite notes on the following.				
	a)	Reaction of amino acids with formaldehyde.	21/2			
	b)	Non-proteinous amino acids.	21/2			
	c)	Fibrous proteins with suitable example.	21/2			
	d)	Structure and functions of glutathione	21/2			
2.	Wł stru	That is the secondary structure of proteins? Describe the $\alpha$ helix and $\beta$ pleat ructures in detail.	ted sheet 10			
		OR				
	a)	Write a note on various forces that stabilize the tertiary structure of prote	ins? 2 <sup>1</sup> /2			
	b)	Give the concept of domains.	21/2			
	c)	Describe the protein Denaturation	21/2			
	d)	Describe the structure of collagen	21/2			
3.	De	escribe the B-DNA model of Watson & Crick in detail.	10			
	OR					
	a)	Write a note on Chargaff's rules.	21/2			
	b)	Explain the formation of nucleoside and nucleotides	21/2			
	c)	Write the importance of base stacking in the stability of nucleic acid strue	cture. 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>			
	d)	Write a note on the formation of phosphodiester linkages	21/2			
4.	De	escribe the Maxam-Gilbert method of DNA sequencing.	10			

OR

a)	Write a note on physicochemical factors responsible for denaturation of DNA.	21/2
b)	Explain the relationship between G-C content and T <sub>m</sub>	21/2
c)	Explain the structure of mRNA	21/2
d)	Write a note satellite DNA.	21/2
Atte	empt <b>any ten</b> of the following:	
a)	How many peptide bonds are present in tetrapeptide?	1
b)	Write the structure of ornithine	1
c)	What is met-enkephalin?	1
d)	What are helix breakers?	1
e)	Which amino acids are known as helix breakers?	1
f)	What is cooperative binding?	1
g)	Which conditions favour formation of A-DNA?	1
h)	How many base pairs are accommodated per turn of helix of Z-DNA?	1
i)	What is Dideoxynucleotide?	1
j)	What are nucleosides?	1
k)	Write any one point of difference between A and Z-DNA.	1
l)	Who proposed the dideoxynucleotide chain termination method?	1

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