

M.Sc. S.Y. (Physics) (CBCS Pattern) Sem-IV
PSCPHYT15.4 - Core (Elective-II) : Applied Electronics-II

P. Pages : 1

GUG/W/22/11421

Time : Three Hours



Max. Marks : 80

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- Notes : 1. All questions carry equal marks.
2. Assume suitable data wherever necessary.
3. Illustrate your answers wherever necessary with the help of neat sketches.

Either:

1. a) Explain the block diagram of digital system state sampling theorem and its applications in pulse code modulation system. **8**
b) Discuss the effect of thermal noise in delta modulation. **8**

OR

- e) Explain the classification of pulse digital modulation technique with their unique features used in communication. **8**
f) Discuss mathematical interpretation of noise. What is the effect of noise in PCM and demodulation? **8**

Either:

2. a) Explain Poisson distribution protocol with CSMA. **8**
b) Explain the digital multiplexing and multiple access concepts with TDMA. **8**

OR

- e) Explain the protocol for development of ARPNET, ISDN and LAN networking. **8**
f) Explain the communication networking with their classification based on speed of data transmission. **8**

Either:

3. a) Discuss clock generator (8284A) **8**
b) Explain the functional block diagram of 8086 with pin configuration. **8**

OR

- e) Explain in detail memory paging. **8**
f) Explain 1, 2, 3 byte instruction in arithmetic group, logical group and control transfer group instruction. **8**

Either:

4. a) What is UART? Elaborate your answer with functional block diagram of UART. **8**
b) What is interfacing? Explain the pins used in interfacing with 8255 PPI. **8**

OR

- e) Explain the interrupt structure and its expansion using 8259A PIC. **8**
f) Discuss memory organization with their classification. How address bus and data bus selection configuration used in memory expansion. **8**

5. Answer all the following.
a) Explain output signal to noise ratio in DM. **4**
b) What is ALOHA and slotted ALOHA. **4**
c) Comments on flag structure of 8086. **4**
d) Differentiate between soft and hard interrupt. **4**
