## P. Pages: 2

## Time : Three Hours

## \* 1 4 9 5 \*

## GUG/S/23/11331

Max. Marks: 80

	Note	<ul> <li>es: 1. All questions are compulsory.</li> <li>2. All questions carry equal marks.</li> <li>3. Use of calculator is allowed.</li> <li>4. Draw labelled diagrams wherever necessary.</li> </ul>	
1.	a)	Discuss the character table of $H_2O$ molecules by using great orthogonality theorem.	8
	b)	Discuss the application of character table in selection rules of 1R and Raman spectroscopy with suitable example.	8
	c)	Explain the similarity transformation with suitable example.	4
	d)	Discuss the multiplication table of $C_3V$ point group.	4
	e)	Explain the great orthogonality theorem with suitable example.	4
	f)	Define symmetry element. Discuss the different symmetry operation in $H_2O$ molecule.	4
2.	a)	Discuss the different types of fission processes in mass spectroscopy.	8
	b)	<ul><li>Explain-</li><li>i) Quadrupole interaction</li><li>ii) Magnetic hyperfine interaction in Mossbauer spectroscopy.</li></ul>	8
		OR	
	c)	Explain the mass spectral fragmentation in 1-hexene and benzaldehyde.	4
	d)	Discuss the isotopic contribution of chloro and bromo compounds.	4
	e)	Discuss the basic principle of Mossbauer spectroscopy.	4
	f)	Explain the application of Mossbauer spectroscopy in structure determination.	4
3.	a)	What is rigid rotor. Derive the equation for moment of inertia and rotational energy for rigid rotor.	8
	b)	Discuss the principle and instrumentation in ESR Spectroscopy.	8
		OR	
	c)	Explain the effect of isotopic substitution on transition frequencies in microwave spectroscopy.	4
	d)	Describe the microwave spectrometer.	4

	e)	Explain the hyperfine coupling.	4
	f)	Explain the ESR spectra of methyl radical and 1,4 - semi benzoquinone.	4
4.	a)	Explain the vibrational rotational spectra of diatomic molecule.	8
	b)	Discuss the quantum and classical theory of Raman effect.	8
		OR	
	c)	Explain the P, Q, R branches.	4
	d)	Explain the coherent anti-stokes Raman scattering.	4
	e)	Distinguish the following compounds using IR spectroscopy.	4
		i) $CH_3 - CH_2 - NH_2$ , $CH_3 - CH_2 - NH - CH_3$ and $H_2 - CH_3 - CH_3$	
		ii) $CH_3CH_2OH$ and $CH_3CH_2COOH$	
	F)	Explain- i) Force constant ii) Zero point energy	4
5.	a)	Define point group. Assign the point group to the following compounds. i) $C_6H_6$ ii) $Bf_3$	2
	b)	Define order of group. What is the order of group for $C_2V$ and $C_3V$ point group.	2
	c)	n-nonane gives the fragmentation ions having $\frac{m}{2}$ = 126, 71, 57, 43. Explain.	2
	d)	Write a note on Mossbauer source.	2
	e)	Write a note on stark effect.	2
	f)	Which of the following will show ESR spectrum and why? i) H ii) H <sub>2</sub>	2
		iii) $Na^+$ iv) $NO$ v) $Cu^+$ vi) $Cu^{2+}$	
	g)	How will you differentiate the isomers having molecular formula $C_3H_6O$ on the basis of IR spectroscopy.	2
	h)	When will the Raman scattering occur.	2

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