M.Sc.(Physics) (CBCS Pattern) Sem-III **PSCPHYT11-4 - Paper-XI - Core Elective E1.4 : Applied Electronics-I Paper-II**

P. P Tim	Pages : ne : Thi	2 $GUG/W/22/113$ ree Hours Max. Marks :	301 : 80	
1.	a)	Either : Draw the block diagram of a typical operational amplifier and explain the function of each block.	function of each 5	
	b)	Discuss the open loop configuration of operational amplifier.	3	
	c)	What is multivibrator? Compare monostable and astable multivibrators with suitable circuit diagrams.	8	
		OR		
	e)	State Barkhausen criterion for oscillations. Draw circuit diagram for phase shift oscillator, explain its working and obtain the frequency of the oscillator.	8	
	f)	Explain OP-AMP with negative feedback. discuss the effect of feedback on close loop gain and bandwidth.	8	
		Either :		
2.	a)	Discuss Fresnel zone problem and ground reflection with respect to microwave communication.	8	
	b)	Explain the atmospheric effect on the propagation of microwaves. Discuss the use of antennas in microwave communication system.	8	
		OR		
	e)	What is Modulation? Explain amplitude modulation.	8	
	f)	What is Demodulation? Explain demodulation of AM waves.	8	
		Either :		
3.	a)	Draw the pin diagram of IC8085 microprocessor and labels all pins clearly.	8	
	b)	What is mean by microprocessor? Explain about stack and subroutines.	8	
		OR		
	e)	What are read only memory and random access memory? Explain their any three applications.	8	
	f)	Explain the need of A/D and D/A converters. Explain the working of R-2R ladder D/A converter with suitable diagram.	8	

Either :

4.	a)	Wh	at are magnetrons? Explain the principle of operation of magnetrons.	8		
	b)	Explain the working of Helix travelling wave tubes.				
		OR				
	e)	at is gunn effect? Explain principle operation of gunn diode.	8			
	f)	What are microwave devices? Explain klystrons used as microwave devices.				
5.		Attempt all the followings.				
		a)	Discuss LC tunable oscillator.	4		
		b)	Discuss fading sources.	4		
		c)	Explain assembly language programmes.	4		
		d)	Write on IMPATT diode and TRAPATT diode.	4		
